研究成果報告書 科学研究費助成事業

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研究種目: 基盤研究(B)(一般)

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研究課題名(和文)ハイクオリティ原子層ヘテロ構造の作製とバレーフォトニクスデバイスの創製

研究課題名(英文)Fabrication of high-quality atomic-layer heterostructures and novel photonic devices

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交付決定額(研究期間全体):(直接経費) 15,200,000円

研究成果の概要(和文):本研究では、原子層を用いた新奇バレーフォトニックデバイスの創製につながる基盤 技術として、高品質原子層の結晶成長法およびヘテロ積層構造の作製法の確立を行った。作製した原子層および ヘテロ積層構造の光学応答を調べたところ、非常に半値幅の狭い励起子発光、低励起エネルギーでの励起子分子 の生成、バレー自由度に由来する種々の層間励起子の生成を見出した。また、バレー偏極度の測定から、今回作 製した原子層およびそのヘテロ構造が、バレー自由度に由来する新奇物性やフォトニックデバイス作製に有望なものであることがわかった。

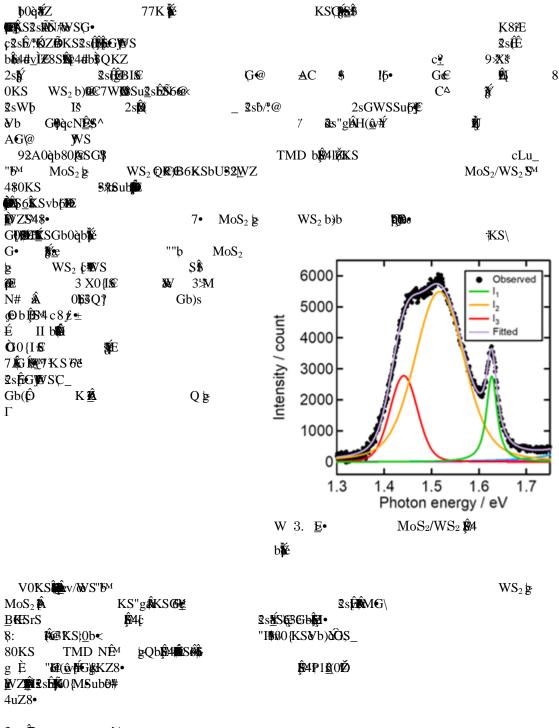
研究成果の学術的意義や社会的意義原子層ではほぼ全てが表面に露出しているため、その物性は週環境に強く影響を受ける。また、バレー自由度をもつ原子層として注目を集めている遷移金属ダイカルコゲナイド(TMD)原子層は、欠陥生成エネルギーが小さく多くの欠陥を含む低品質の試料しか得られなかった。本研究では、独自設計の化学気相成長法装置と六方晶窒化ホウ素基板を用いることで上記二点を解決し、高品質TMD結晶を得ることに成功した。本研究で確立した手法を用いて生み出される試料は、バレー自由度に由来する新奇物性探索やフォトニックデバイス創製へ向けた基盤と なる。

研究成果の概要(英文): In this work, we have focused on development of a crystal growth method for high-quality atomic layers and atomic-layer heterostructures. We have investigated optical responses of atomic layers and heterostructures and found (1) small-fwhm excitonic emissions, (2) formation of biexcitons with small excitation power density, (3) formation of various interlayer excitons composed of electrons and holes locate at different valleys. In addition, we have observed valley-polarized photoluminescence from both atomic layers and heterostructures, which clearly demonstrates that present samples gives versatile playground for investigation of valley-oriented phenomena and valley-photonic devices.

研究分野:ナノ物質科学

キーワード: 原子層 バレー自由度 光学応答

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